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THE CITY RECORD.

The Board of CITY RECORD, &c., met in the Mayor's office July 24th, 1873.

Present—The Mayor, Commissioner of Public Works, and Corporation Counsel.

The reading of the minutes of last meeting was dispensed with.

The salary of William R. Wasson, bookkeeper to the Supervisor of THE CITY RECORD, was fixed at \$2,000 per annum, to date from time of appointment.

The Supervisor of THE CITY RECORD was directed to publish such brief abstracts of advertisements, as appear in THE CITY RECORD, of contracts to be awarded or bonds to be sold as may be furnished him, in such form and in such of the papers designated for that purpose, as the various Departments may direct.

The subject of additional appropriation for THE CITY RECORD was referred to the Mayor with power.

The Supervisor of THE CITY RECORD was directed to furnish to the appropriate departments, at the expiration of ten days, a proper affidavit of any advertisement which may have been published for such period of time in THE CITY RECORD and the designated corporation papers.

A communication from J. C. Pinckney, asking that he be authorized to have the proceedings and documents of the Board of Aldermen printed as has heretofore been the custom, and asking that, as provided by section 19 of chapter 757, Laws of 1873, he be permitted, by a concurrent vote of the Board, to continue the work of printing required for the Board until action is taken on the subject, as provided in section 111 of chapter 335, Laws of 1873, was received and read.

Authority was given the Clerk of the Common Council to have such printing done for the Board of Aldermen, as was now in hand, to be paid for out of the appropriation for printing for the Common Council, and that the Secretary and Supervisor of THE CITY RECORD be directed to ascertain and report to this Board, what printing was necessary to be done for the Board of Aldermen with a view of preparing specifications for a contract to be awarded.

The subject of Reports from the various departments was referred to the Mayor with power.

By a concurrent vote of the Board, it was resolved, that, deeming it for the best interests of the city, we hereby consent that the Comptroller, Counsel to the Corporation and Commissioner of Public Works, procure such printing and stationery as may in the judgment of said three officers respectively be necessary in the proper conduct of the business of the Finance, Law and Public Works Department respectively, each acting in this respect for his own Department, and that printing and stationery for all other Departments be furnished as ordered by this Board, by and through the Commissioner of Public Works. This order to be in force until the further action of this Board.

D. S. WENDELL,
Secretary.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

SECOND MEETING, JULY 22D, 1873.

All the Commissioners present.

Death announced.

Patrolman Stephen C. Gardiner, Third precinct, at 4 A. M., 20th inst.

Resignation accepted.

Patrolman John J. Mulqueen, Seventh precinct.

Communication from the Comptroller (Circular No. 12) in reference to his rules prescribed in regard to a "Record" or "Order" book. Referred to the Treasurer.

Transfers Ordered.

Roundsman Richard Boleman, from Fourteenth to Twenty-first precinct.
Roundsman Ed. L. Burns, from Twenty-first to Eighth precinct.
Roundsman John T. Curley, from Twenty-ninth to Sixth precinct.
Patrolman Michael C. Yager, from Eighteenth to Twenty-sixth precinct.
Patrolman Daniel Quigley, from Fourteenth to Seventeenth precinct.
Patrolman William Long, from Twenty-seventh to Tenth precinct.
Patrolman John Rakielewitz, from Tenth to Twenty-seventh precinct.
Patrolman James McElgunn, from Twenty-ninth to Seventeenth precinct.
Roundsman Jas. K. Fuller, from Twenty-second precinct to C. O. (Telegraph office).
Patrolman Robert Conner, from Fifteenth to Twenty-sixth precinct.
Patrolman William Mackey, from Second precinct to S. S., detailed to Sweeney's Hotel.
Patrolman Charles O. Sheldon, from Fourteenth to Thirteenth precinct.
Patrolman Charles B. Carman, from Twentieth precinct to Second Court.
Patrolman George Van Buskirk, from Third to Fourth precinct.

Resolved, That the salary of Thomas Cox, telegraph line-man, be fixed at \$1,000 per annum from the 1st of August next.
On reading communication from the Trustees of the Riot Relief Fund enclosing a check for \$1,000 for Patrolman Patrick F. Byrnes; it was

Resolved, That the communication from the Trustees of the Riot Relief Fund be read in each station-house to each platoon.
Leave was granted to Patrolman Patrick F. Byrnes, Eighth precinct, to receive \$1,000 without deduction.

Resolved, That at the request of the Board of Health this Board will protect the officers and agents of the Board of Health in the execution of all lawful measures for the maintenance of the public health.
Silas W. Rogers was allowed leave to apply for re-appointment.

Appointment.

Daniel O'Keefe as patrolman in the Twentieth precinct.

Communication from the Board of Fire Underwriters complimenting the police for efficiency on the Fourth of July, in promptly discovering and extinguishing fires. On file.

Fines Imposed.

Patrolman William H. Tuite, Fourth precinct, two days pay.
Patrolman Dietrick Dokel, Tenth precinct, two days pay.
Patrolman John Schaadt, Tenth precinct, two days pay.
Patrolman Bernard Tiernay, Tenth precinct, two days pay.
Patrolman John Rakielewitz, Tenth precinct, three days pay.
Patrolman Thomas Flynn, Fifteenth precinct, five days pay.
Patrolman John Roche, Eighteenth precinct, five days pay.
Patrolman Bernard Meehan, Nineteenth precinct, two days pay.
Patrolman James J. Hart, Twentieth precinct, two days pay.
Patrolman Gilbert L. Wright, Twenty-first precinct, two days pay.
Patrolman Edward Harnett, Twenty-second precinct, two days pay.
Patrolman William H. Rhodes, Twenty-second precinct, two days pay.
Patrolman Theodore Goodenough, Twenty-third precinct, two days pay.
Patrolman Daniel Murray, Twenty-seventh precinct, two days pay.
Patrolman James McCarty, Twenty-seventh precinct, two days pay.
Patrolman Michael O'Halloran, Thirty-first precinct, three days pay.
Patrolman Thomas Hagan, Sanitary Co., two days pay.

Reprimand.

Patrolman Jeremiah Mahoney, Twenty-third precinct.
On reading a communication from the Board of Health, being an order that sheds used for the storage of offal at premises of Wm. H. McNeil, 39th and 40th streets, be removed and destroyed by combustion, it was—
Resolved, That the Board of Police will, if desired, protect the officer of the Board of Health while removing and burning the premises lately occupied by Wm. H. McNeil, between 39th and 40th streets, North river.
Adjourned.

S. C. HAWLEY,
Chief Clerk.

The Board of Police met on the 23d day of July, 1873. Present—Messrs. Smith, Charlick, Gardner and Russell, Commissioners.

On reading a communication from the Board of Health, it was—

Resolved, That all the force required by the Health Department, to protect that department in removing the booths around Washington Market, be furnished, and that Inspector Walling be designated to take charge of such force.

Daily reports from the several precincts, of service rendered by the physicians, were referred to the Committee on Surgeons.

Parades Allowed.

New York Schutzen Corps—Funeral.
United Brothers Lodge—Funeral.
Equitable Association—Funeral.
Knights of Columbia—Pic-nic.
Manhattan German Association—Pic-nic.

Bills Referred to the Finance Committee.

R. C. Brown.....\$54 17
do.....1 50
do.....15 50
do.....28 62
Shaw and Venn.....40 00
Ball, Black & Co.....5 00

The injunction and papers in the matter of Washington Market were referred to the Counsel of the Corporation to appear for Henry Smith and the Board of Police, and show cause, if in his judgment there are grounds therefor.

Leaves of Absence Granted.

Patrolman E. Brennan, Fifteenth precinct, one day without pay.
Patrolman H. Drought, Sixth precinct, one day without pay.
Patrolman T. Murphy, Sixth precinct, one-half day without pay.
Patrolman J. P. Quinn, First precinct, fifteen days without pay.
Patrolman B. F. Birmingham, Second precinct, one-half day without pay.
Patrolman D. Farley, Twenty-eighth precinct, one-half day without pay.

Transfers ordered.

Sergeant Thomas Reid, from Twenty-third to Fourth precinct.
Sergeant John F. Buckley, from Fourteenth to Twenty-third precinct.
Patrolman John J. Touhey, from Twenty-first to Nineteenth precinct.
Patrolman Henry Schorske, from Fourteenth to Twenty-ninth precinct.
Patrolman Thomas Dinan, from Third to First precinct.
Roundsman D. J. Cronin, from Sixteenth to Thirteenth precinct.

Application of Geo. F. Williams for a detail of policemen to attend excursion for Sixth Ward children on Saturday next, was referred to the Superintendent.

Bills Referred to Finance Committee.

A. Herriell & Sons.....\$136 60
Wetteran & Mergenthiler.....80 00

Application of Geo. W. Hutchins, Assistant Superintendent of Stables, for increase of pay, was referred to the Committee on Street Cleaning.
Daily report of the Superintendent of Boats, was referred to the Committee on Street Cleaning.

Communication from Superintendent Thorne that Superintendent (of Boats) Hyatt, is reported sick. On file.

Report of Sanitary Superintendent on the condition of the streets, was referred to the Superintendent of Street Cleaning.
Adjourned to Friday, at 10½ A. M.

D. B. HASBROUCK,
Acting Chief Clerk.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT,
NEW YORK, July 22, 1873,
No. 301 MOTT STREET.

The Board of Health met this day.

Orders.

Two hundred and seventy-nine orders for the abatement of nuisances were made.

Suits for Penalties.

The Attorney was directed to commence suits for non-compliance with the orders of the Board in forty-seven cases, and for violation of the Sanitary Code in one case.

Reports Received.

From the Sanitary Superintendent—
Weekly report on operations of the Sanitary Bureau.

Weekly report on contagious diseases.
Weekly report on extensions and modifications of orders.

Weekly report on slaughter-houses.
Weekly report on operations of the New York Rendering Company.

Weekly report of the sanitary condition of the streets.

On the removal of offal from slaughter-houses in the 19th Ward.

On manure dumping at East Forty-fifth street.
On the low and submerged grounds on Ward's and Randall's Islands.

On goats running at large in Sixtieth, and Sixty-third streets—Ninth and Tenth avenues.
On dumping of garbage in One Hundred and Sixth street and Madison avenue.

On steamboat "Algonquin."
On departure of rendering boat from foot of West Thirty-eighth street.

On bill of Jno. J. McNally for services as Special Inspector.

On dangerous condition of No. 771 Second avenue.

On applications for permits.

Communications from City Departments.

From the Police Department—
Reports of arrests for violation of the Sanitary Code.

Weekly report of the captain of the Sanitary Co. of Police.

From the Comptroller—
Weekly statement.

Circular No. 14, respecting estimate of expenses of this Department for the year 1874.

From His Honor, the Mayor.
In respect to booths, stands, &c., around Washington Market.

Reports referred to other Departments for the necessary action.

To the Police Department.
On the condition of the streets.
To the Department of Public Works.
On the condition of certain pavements, &c.

Permits Granted.

To render fresh lard at 384 and 386 Eighth avenue.

To render fresh lard at 451 Ninth avenue.
To purchase and store hides and fat at 522 Tenth avenue.

To keep eleven cows at W. S., Avenue A, 25 feet S. of Sixtieth street.

To keep five cows N. S. One Hundred and Forty-first street, five houses West of Eighth avenue.

To occupy basement at 86 Vandam street; also to separate rags and bones at 644 East Thirteenth street provided the yard and cellar be disinfected during the summer months, and the bones and rags removed daily.

Permits Denied.

To render fresh lard at 20 and 21 Centre Market.

To render fresh lard at 635 and 641 N. 38th street.

To boil tongue, pigs' feet and tripe at 651 11th avenue (rear).

To keep 4 cows at 310 W. 38th street.

Bills audited.

D. Appleton & Co.....\$42 24
Tower, Gildersleeve & Co.....25 00
Manhattan Odorless Co.....6 00

Pay-roll of laborers of Disinfecting Corps for week ending July 19, 1873.....141 00
Francis Swift, for removing night soil for week ending July 18, 1873.....634 62

Resolutions.

An order was entered that the building on lot No. 771, 2d avenue, be vacated, for the reason that it is dangerous to life and detrimental to health, by reason of its want of repair.

That the Department of Docks be respectfully requested to cause the necessary dredging of the slip at the foot of 106th street and East river, to facilitate the removal of night soil.

That John V. Gridley be appointed Inspector of Nuisances, during the pleasure of this Board at a salary at a rate of \$250, per month.

That Inspector Gr dley, be ordered to remove forthwith the booths and stands around Washington Market, and in the neighboring streets, and that he be authorized to employ with the approval of the Finance Committee such laborers, trucks and other appliances as may be necessary for the purpose.

That the Board of Police be directed and instructed to provide a sufficient force to protect and guard Inspector John V. Gridley, and the officers and agents of this Board and the laborers employed in the work of the removal of the booths, stalls and stands around Washington Market, and in the neighboring streets, and to assist in the execution of the orders of the Board of Health in this matter upon the application of the President of this board.

That in view of the vigorous efforts of this board to remove the special nuisances which cluster about the neighborhood of the North river between 38th and 42d streets, this board appoint six inspectors to serve during the pleasure of the board at the rate of \$100, per month each, as follows:

Joseph H. Hunter.
John Waters, Jr.
Louis H. Landy.
S. A. Goldschmidt.
Louis Frank.

Hearing.

Richard H. Thorn, a stand-holder, in one of the streets adjacent to Washington Market affected by the orders of the board requiring the removal of booths, stalls, and stands, from the streets around such market, appeared in behalf of himself and others owning, occupying, or leasing such stalls or stands, and asked for a hearing, which on motion was granted.

SANITARY BUREAU.

Record of the Sanitary Bureau for the week ending July 19, 1873:

The total number of inspections made by the Sanitary and Assistant Sanitary Inspectors was 2,154, as follows, viz:

Five public buildings, 965 tenement houses, 190 private dwellings, 246 other dwellings, 25 manufactories and workshops, 48 stores and warehouses, 107 stables, 1 uninhabitable dwelling, 10 fat rendering establishments, 10 lard rendering establishments, 6 gut-cleaning establishments, 3 markets, 31 slaughter houses, 1 smoke house, 1 vessel, 13 sunken and vacant lots, 3 manure dumps, 12 dumping grounds, 1 brewery, 3 public sewers and drains, 72 yards, courts and areas, 44 cellars and basements, 47 waste pipes and drains, 136 privies and water-closets, 146 street gutters and sidewalks, 7 dangerous stairways, 2 cisterns and cesspools, and 19 other nuisances.

679 reports were received from the Sanitary and Assistant Sanitary Inspectors.

During the past week 137 complaints were received from citizens, and referred to the Sanitary Inspectors for investigation and report.

Eighty-eight permits have been issued to the consignees of vessels for the discharge of cargoes, on vouchers from the Health Officer of the Port.

The following number of cases of contagious diseases were reported for the week ending July 19, 1873: Typhus fever, 4; typhoid fever, 3; scarlet fever, 48; measles, 12; diphtheria, 29; small-pox, 1.

During the past week the Disinfecting Corps visited 54 premises where contagious diseases were found, and disinfected and fumigated 51 houses, 48 privy sinks, together with clothing, bedding, &c.

One case of small-pox was removed to hospital by the Ambulance Corps.

156 miles of street gutters, 280 privy sinks, 35 yards and 30 cellars were disinfected.

During the past week 212 permits were granted to disinfect, empty, and clean privy sinks. The amount of meat and fish condemned by the officers as unfit for human food during the week ending July 19, 1873, was—carcasses of veal (bob), 1; sheep, 5; beef, 510 pounds; veal 53 pounds; corned beef, 40 pounds; lamb, 90 pounds; poultry, 367 pounds, and fish, 950 pounds.

Six hundred and ninety-nine loads of night soil were removed by night scavengers from the privy vaults of the city.

BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS.

During the week ending July 19, 1873, eight hundred and ninety-five burial permits for city deaths, sixty-seven burial permits for bodies in transit, and forty-five burial permits for still-born infants, were granted; one hundred and twenty-nine marriages, four hundred and eighty-two births, forty-five still-births, sixty-seven applications for transit permits, and sixty-one coroner's certificates were recorded; twenty-three searches of the records of births, marriages and deaths were made, and twenty-four transcripts of deaths, four marriages and three births from said records were issued; five cases were referred to the coroner.

By order of the Board,
GEORGE S. HASTINGS,
Secretary, *pro tem.*

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS.

At a meeting of the Board governing this Department held July 17th, 1873—Commissioners Westervelt and Gardner present, the following action was had:

Applications for Permits, &c.

From C. E. Hueberer & Co., to place grain-hopper on bulkhead, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets, East River. Granted.

From William R. Garrison to erect sign, and change front of shed on Pier 43, North River. Granted.

Repairs, &c., Ordered.

Owner of platform, foot of Seventy-fourth street, East River, notified to place backing pieces thereon to prevent earth and sand from washing overboard.

Supt. Turner, directed to repair sub-structure to pier, foot of Thirty-seventh street, East River, and lessee notified to repair surface, &c., forthwith.

Miscellaneous.

Action of Secretary in transmitting list of employees as required by resolution of Board of Aldermen, adopted 3d inst. Approved.

At a subsequent meeting of said Board, held July 21st, 1873—all the Commissioners present.

Applications for Leases, &c.

From Old Dominion Steamship Co., to extend 10 feet westwardly platform, between piers 36 and 37, North river. Granted, if terms and pro rata additional rent are agreed to.

Receipts and Disbursements.

Requisition made on Comptroller, to pay laborers' pay-rolls, as follows:

Two weeks ending June 28th.....\$6,275 59
Two weeks ending July 12th..... 5,551 56—\$11,827 15

EUGENE T. LYNCH,
Secretary.

DEPARTMENT PUBLIC WORKS.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS,
Commissioners Office, Room 19, City Hall,
New York, July 19, 1873.

In accordance with sec. 110, chap. 335, laws of 1873, the Department of Public Works makes the following report of its transactions for the week ending this day:

Public moneys received and deposited with the City Chamberlain:

| | |
|---|--------------|
| For Croton water rent..... | \$108,985 03 |
| For penalties on water rent..... | 147 60 |
| For tapping croton pipes..... | 132 00 |
| For vault permits..... | 1,734 75 |
| For sewer permits..... | 330 00 |
| For sewer pipe sold to contractors..... | 253 56 |
| Total..... | \$111,582 94 |

Certificates of the cost of the following improvements were transmitted to the Board of Assessors: Sewer in Frankfort street, between Cliff and John streets. Sewer in Tenth avenue, east side, between Eighteenth and Nineteenth streets. Sewer in Pearl street, between Old Slip and a point one hundred and eighty feet south of Old Slip. Sewer in Tenth avenue, west side, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second streets. Receiving basin at southeast corner Forty-fourth street and Broadway. Receiving basin at northeast corner Forty-third street and Broadway. Receiving basin northeast corner Eleventh street and Thirteenth avenue.

Croton water has been introduced in Seventy-second street, between Lexington and Third avenues.

One new lamp was ordered to be fitted up at northwest corner First avenue and One hundred and fifth street.

Three hundred and forty-three Receiving Basins were cleaned.

The laying of Belgian pavement in the following streets has been completed: Sixtieth street, between First and Third avenues; Seventieth street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues; Fifty-third street, between Fourth and Sixth avenues.

Fourteen complaints as to obstruction in streets were received.

Twenty-six permits to place building materials on streets were issued; also three permits to erect awnings, and seven permits for flagging sidewalks and setting curb and gutter stones.

Three Inspectors of Street pavements and one Inspector of Sewers were discharged on account of completion of the works on which they were engaged.

There is an aggregate increase of nine men

and one cart in the laboring force of the Department and a decrease of one team.

The total number of requisitions drawn by the Department on the Comptroller during the week is \$170,537.06.

GEO. M. VAN NORT,
Commissioner of Public Works.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT, No. 301 MOTT ST.,
NEW YORK, July 22, 1873.

The Sanitary Committee respectfully submit the following report on the sanitary regulations on the business of hog slaughtering:

The Committee invited those engaged in the business to a conference on the 27th day of June. A large number of persons were present, and a general discussion of the subject was had. The butchers complained that they had not had sufficient time to prepare a statement of their views, and, accordingly, the Committee sent the following circular to each person engaged in the business, inviting him to communicate his opinion in writing:

HEALTH DEPT., No. 301 MOTT ST.,
NEW YORK, July 8th, 1873.

At a meeting of the Board of Health, held on the 8th day of July inst., the Sanitary Committee was instructed to prepare and present, for the action of the Board, a report in regard to the adoption of such regulation and control of the same as will effectually obviate its present objectionable features. During the preparation of such report, an opportunity will be afforded to the parties interested in such business, to present their views in writing, addressed to this Board, as to the best practicable method of securing thorough sanitary reform in this branch of commercial enterprise. Should you desire to avail yourself of the opportunity, you are requested to present your communication on before the 12th inst.

STEPHEN SMITH,
Chairman.

The following communication was received on the 18th inst.

Stephen Smith, M.D., Chairman of Sanitary Committee, &c.:

SIR—In reply to your communication of July 9th, we would most respectfully submit the following views:

First—The entire suppression of the business of hog slaughtering in the city limits.

We answer that the business is a legitimate business, and, therefore, entitled to the protection of the law when we do not interfere with the welfare of others.

That we have availed ourselves of all the modern improvements introduced into the business, as far as they have been presented to our notice; and we are willing and ready to make any further improvements that your Honorable Board may suggest.

The removal of our business outside the city limits would entail a heavy expense, which would fall on the consumer in the enhanced value of the product.

The carting of hogs any great distance, especially during the warm weather, causes them to become sour and unfit for food, which would be the destruction of our business.

Our immediate branch is a small part of the business to be effected by this suppression. There are at least two hundred to three hundred firms engaged in the cutting of hogs, who employ not less three thousand men, beside our ten firms who give employment to five hundred men. Our carting employs about one hundred double trucks at an annual expense of \$100,000.

The receipts of live hogs in this city for the year 1872, were 1,270,263; value, about \$15,000,000, which is exclusive of receipts at Communipaw, which find a sale in this market.

The territory we occupy was designated by the Legislature at the request of a previous Board of Health.

The live stock is all landed on the immediate premises, thereby doing away with all driving through the street, and the location seems better adapted to the business than any other on the island.

Second—Objectionable features of the business as it exists at present.

We feel that we labor under great disadvantage in making answer, from the fact that the objectionable features have never been specified to us.

We would suggest as one method of securing sanitary reform that permission be granted us to handle our blood and offal on our own premises, while in a fresh state, converting it into a fertilizer without producing any stench therefrom.

By a recent invention, successfully adopted in Boston, Chicago, and other cities, we are fully satisfied we can attain the above result. This would do away with any necessity for an ofial dock, as far as our business is concerned, and obviate the necessity of carting offensive matter through the streets in a decomposed state; as by this process we are able to handle all this matter as fast as it comes from the animal.

In regard to the herding of live hogs, we think your Honorable Board will sustain us in the opinion that there can be no smell arising from any live animal detrimental to the public health. If your Board prefer concrete to plank flooring, in order to better their flushing and removal of secretions, we stand ready to do our part towards this improvement, or any other your Board may suggest.

Third—In relation to the concentration of this important branch of commercial enterprise in an abattoir—

We submit that no improvement could be introduced in an abattoir that could not be just as well adopted in our present buildings, which are good, substantial brick buildings, have been

erected at a great expense, and are located in close proximity to each other, being only 40 feet in one direction and 160 feet in another, from actual contact.

The building of an abattoir sufficient to accommodate this business would require extensive grounds and a large outlay of funds, more than would be warranted, without a guarantee that after it was completed, the location would not be objected to by some future Board of Health.

That the abattoir system, as suggested by your Honorable Board, covers a great many abuses connected with our present system, we freely admit; and, if, after a full consideration of this matter, your Board decides that this business should be so concentrated, we are ready and willing to meet your requirements so far as lies in our power.

Charles White & Co., foot W. 40th street.
Spring & Haynes, foot W. 40th street.
W. M. Tilden & Co., foot W. 40th street.
O. Stahlnecker & Son, foot W. 41st street.
Metcalfe & Gibbs, foot W. 41st street.
Munroe Crane, foot W. 39th street.
Davis & Atwood, foot W. 39th street.
Rood & Martin, foot W. 39th street.
James McBride, foot W. 40th street.
Tobey & Booth, foot W. 39th street.

It is apparent, from the preceding communication, that while the butchers do not recognize, as we had anticipated, any material defects in the methods of conducting their business, they nevertheless manifest a commendable disposition to comply with all needful sanitary requirements. They claim to have availed themselves of all the modern improvements, as far as they have knowledge, and "are willing and ready to make any further improvements" which this Board may suggest.

The information which the Committee obtained from the hearing given to the slaughterers, from their written communications, and from other sources, confirms our opinion that the business may and should be brought under the most rigid sanitary control, or be excluded from the city. As at present conducted, nearly every branch of the business is offensive. The herding of the hogs in ill-constructed and dilapidated wooden sheds, the slaughtering in imperfectly appointed buildings, the disposition of ofial, blood and other refuse, &c., are features of the trade which demand radical reform. And it is apparent that the business commands an amount of capital which will enable the proprietors to make any necessary changes without other inconvenience than what will arise from the readjustment of their methods of work.

The Committee have maturely considered the following propositions:

- I. The entire suppression of the business within the city limits.
- II. The regulation of the business in existing slaughter houses.
- III. The concentration of the business in an abattoir.

I. The most effectual method of relieving the city from the nuisance which hog slaughtering creates, is, of course, its entire suppression within the city limits. And such action on the part of the Board as would suppress the business would, in our opinion, be justified, if it were not possible otherwise to remedy existing evils. The alleged inconveniences and difficulties attending conducting the business outside of the city—such as the perishable nature of the meats, difficulties of transportation, the deprivations of the poor who purchase of the packing houses, &c., &c., have no real existence. The hog slaughterers at Communipaw, who largely supply our markets, do not attach any importance to the obligations. And we are convinced, after much inquiry, that if this business were concentrated at some accessible point on the river beyond the city limits, it could be carried on not only much more economically than at present, but the facilities for the distribution of the meats in the city, the disposition of refuse, &c., &c., would be greatly facilitated. The transportation of meats in properly prepared barges would greatly tend to their preservation, and the refuse could all be utilized by proper apparatus on the premises.

II. The regulation of the business in existing slaughter houses, a measure thoroughly advocated by the butchers, cannot in the opinion of the Committee be so ordered as to obviate some of the most objectionable features of the trade. The same territory now occupied, would be required the herding of hogs would be distributed over the same area: the care of refuse would be very imperfect, and that negligent and imperfect management which always characterizes small dealers and tradesmen, would render the business under the most rigid supervision objectionable, especially during the summer months. If they are allowed to remain in their present buildings they should be required to receive the hogs directly from the river into yards within the building or its immediate inclosure, having cemented floors and such drainage as will secure free escape of all liquid filth into the river at low tide. The slaughter houses should be so improved as to secure the immediate removal of all liquid filth into the river beyond low tide, better care and disposition of all ofial and refuse, the removal of the sheds now used for yarding hogs, etc. And even after these improvements are made, the Committee doubt the propriety of allowing the work to be continued during the hot months of the year in these several establishments:

III. The concentration of the business in a single building or abattoir within the city limits is the last method considered by the Committee. This method contemplates the concentration of the entire business, yarding, slaughtering, rendering, etc., in a single building. Such a structure to meet sanitary requirements must be located on the river front, must be of such dimensions as to accommodate the entire business in all its details and of such material and construction as to prevent all nuisances. That such construction in

New York, is practicable is evident from the success of the abattoir system in other cities, and from the testimony of those familiar with all the details of the business.

In regard to these several plans the Committee are of the opinion that if the second is adopted hog slaughtering should be prohibited during the months of June, July, August and September, and the most radical improvements of the several establishments should be required. But this course would only be temporizing with an evil which sooner or later must be remedied effectually.

We are, therefore, of the opinion that the Board should adopt the first or third method. Of these, the first would undoubtedly most effectually remove for all time the offense which the business creates. Nor do the objections which the butchers allege, appear to have any just weight. Ample facilities for the business can be obtained near the city on the water front, and transportation of meats by water to various points, would be a great improvement upon the present carriage by trucks. Yet we do not believe that any business should be driven from the city which can, by proper regulation, be rendered practically inoffensive. And we are of the opinion that this business can, by the adoption of the third plan, be rendered inoffensive. If the parties interested in this business would unite, and in good faith, provide a suitable building, with all the appliances and appointments of a modern abattoir, this trade, in all its details, now so offensive, could be rendered an ornament to the city.

In order to carry into effect this measure, time will be required in which to make the necessary arrangements and erect the required building. As little time, however, should be allowed by the Board as possible, and the Committee are of the opinion, after much inquiry, that not more than one year should be allowed. But, meantime, it will not be proper to tolerate the nuisances which the business creates during the remaining hot months of the summer. The steady progress of cholera in the West is a standing menace against all sources and forms of local filth, and this Board should use every means at its command to secure the utmost degree of cleanliness throughout the city. In the opinion of the Committee the immediate remedy for the nuisance created by hog slaughtering, is the discontinuance of yarding, in sheds at present used; the cementing of the floors of the yards in the buildings; the thorough cleansing, whitewashing and disinfection of the slaughter houses, yards, pens, grounds, &c., &c.

The Committee recommend the adoption of such measures as will carry into effect the methods of regulating slaughtering, expressed in the preceding report.

STEPHEN SMITH,
Chairman.

PRELIMINARY REPORT OF DR. JOHN C. PETERS ON THE CHOLERA OF THE WEST AND SOUTH.

In advance of a more full report I can state that, to my personal knowledge, cholera was conveyed from New Orleans and Memphis by steamboats to Louisville and Cincinnati. The Health officer of Evansville also reports that the first three cases or more were landed there from steamboats from below; the same has happened at St. Louis.

I also have very positive information that cases were brought by railroad to Nashville and died there.

In Gallatin, Woodburn, and Bowling Green, the first cases, sometimes three in number, were imported ones.

But the momentous fact stands out very strongly that, however the disease may have been brought to or have originated in Murfreesboro', Nashville, and Bowling Green, and many other places, the pestilence quickly and almost exclusively localized itself in the filthiest parts of these towns; while the cleanest portions almost entirely escaped.

In Murfreesboro', no direct importation of the disease is yet acknowledged, but it is well known that, among the earliest cases in the neighborhood, was that of a negro who arrived from Nashville and died in a house near the town; the woman who nursed him, washed his clothes, died, and two others in the same house. In Murfreesboro', the physicians generally admitted that the disease was true Asiatic cholera, like that of 1866, but were also fully impressed with the Southern theory—viz., that a long severe winter, changing suddenly to a very warm summer, had produced such a rapid growth of vegetation that all the grasses and vegetables were very watery and unwholesome. The filth accumulated during the winter was suddenly exposed to a very hot sun, and bred a peculiar indigenous malaria. That the drinking water became affected, especially in the lower portions of the town, which received sewage and drainage from above; that the disease crept along the creek and water courses, wherever drainage, mists and malaria most prevailed, and affected principally, or almost exclusively the blacks and low-class whites who lived in such places.

These localizing influences were so great and manifest that importation was not thought of or looked for, especially as almost all the better and higher parts of Murfreesboro', and the more cleanly and comfortable inhabitants almost entirely escaped.

Still, the Murfreesboro' physicians regarded the disease as true Asiatic cholera, merely precipitated and modified by malarious and bad dietetic influences. They used cleanliness, and disinfection of persons and clothes vigorously; forbade the nightly assemblage of negroes; and stamped the disease out quickly.

At Nashville the localizing causes of cholera were so extended and apparent, that no importation of the disease was looked for, or generally believed in. Nor are the Nashville physicians much to blame for fastening their

No. 25—For building basin on northeast corner of Fourteenth street and Eleventh avenue.
 No. 26—For building basin on southwest corner of Fourteenth street and Fourth avenue.
 No. 27—For building basin on northeast corner of Twenty-third street and Thirteenth avenue.
 No. 28—For building basin on southeast corner of Twenty-third street and Thirteenth avenue.
 No. 29—For building basin on northeast corner of Sixty-fifth street and First avenue.
 No. 30—For building basin on west side of Mott street, forty feet north of Chatham square.
 No. 31—For building basin on northwest corner of Chrystie and Grand streets.
 No. 32—For building basin on northeast corner of Chrystie and Stanton streets.
 No. 33—For building sewer in One Hundred and Ninth street, between Fourth avenue and Harlem River. The limits embraced by such assessment, include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on

No. 1—Both sides of One Hundred and Thirty-third street, from Fourth to Eighth avenues, to the extent of one-half the block at intersection of Madison avenue.
 No. 2—Both sides of One Hundred and Twenty-third street, from New avenue to Eighth avenue.
 No. 3—Both sides of One Hundred and Twenty-second street, from Ninth avenue to Mount Morris square, to the extent of one-half the block, at intersection of Avenue St. Nicholas.
 No. 4—Both sides of Thirty-eighth street, from First avenue to East River.
 No. 5—Both sides of Thirty-first street, from Seventh to Eighth avenues, to the extent of one-half the block on the intersecting streets.
 No. 6—Both sides of Fortieth street, from Madison to Third avenue, to the extent of one-half the block on the intersecting streets.
 No. 7—Both sides of Thirty-first street, from Second avenue to East River, to the extent of one-half the block on the intersecting streets.
 No. 8—Both sides of Thirty-second street, from Second avenue to East River, to the extent of one-half the block on the intersecting streets.
 No. 9—Both sides of Thirty-first street, from Fourth to Fifth avenues, to the extent of one-half the block on the intersecting streets.

No. 10—Both sides of Second avenue, from Eighty-sixth to One Hundred and Twenty-fifth streets, to the extent of one-half the block on the intersecting streets.
 No. 11—Both sides of Twenty-fourth street, from Tenth to Eleventh avenues, to the extent of one-half the block on the intersecting streets.
 No. 12—West side of Eighth avenue, the property known by Ward Nos. 32 to 35 inclusive.
 No. 13—West side of Eighth avenue, the property known by Ward Nos. 33, 34 and 35.
 No. 14—The block bounded by Seventy-second and Seventy-third streets and First and Second avenues.
 No. 15—The property known as Ward Nos. 33, 34 and 35.

No. 16—The property known as Ward Nos. 49, 52 and 54.
 No. 17—West side of Third avenue, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets, except two lots [next Twelfth street.
 No. 18—Both sides of Sixty-fifth street, between First and Third avenues.
 No. 19—Both sides of Second avenue, from One Hundred and Eleventh to One Hundred and Sixteenth and One Hundred and Fifteenth streets, between First and Third avenues and one-half the block of One Hundred and Twenty-seventh street, between Third and Second avenues.
 No. 20—Both sides of Eleventh street, between Dry Dock street and East River to the extent of one-half the block on the intersecting streets.
 No. 21—Both sides of Fifty-fifth street, between Avenue A and First avenue.
 No. 22—Both sides of Fifty-fifth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, to the extent of half the block.
 No. 23—Both sides of Sixty-sixth street, between Avenue A and First avenue and between Second and Third avenues.
 No. 24—South side of Fourteenth street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues.
 No. 25—North side of Fourteenth street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues.
 No. 26—West side of Fourth avenue, between Thirtieth and Fourteenth streets.
 No. 27—North side of Twenty-third street, between Eleventh and Thirteenth avenues.
 No. 28—South side of Twenty-third street, between Eleventh and Thirteenth avenues.
 No. 29—East side of First avenue, between Sixty-fifth and Sixty-sixth streets, and north side of Sixty-fifth street, between First avenue and Avenue A, to the extent of half the block.
 No. 30—West side of Mott street, between Worth and Park streets.
 No. 31—West side of Chrystie street, between Grand and Broome streets.
 No. 32—The property known as Ward Nos. 292 F, 292 G, 292 H, 292 I, and 160.
 No. 33—Both sides of One Hundred and Ninth street, from Fourth avenue to Harlem River, sixty feet on northwest side of Second avenue, between One Hundred and Ninth and One Hundred and Tenth streets, and the northeast side of Fourth avenue, between One Hundred and Ninth and One Hundred and Tenth streets.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing to Thomas B. Asten, Chairman of the Board of Assessors, at his office, No. 19, Chatham street, within thirty days from the date of this notice.
 THOMAS B. ASTEN,
 JOHN MCHARG,
 MUNSON H. TREADWELL,
 VALENTINE S. WOODRUFF,
 Board of Assessors.

OFFICE, BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
 NEW YORK, July 7, 1873.

SUPREME COURT.—In the matter of the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New York, relative to the opening and extending of Desbrosses street in an easterly direction, from its present termination at Hudson street, to Varick street, in the City of New York.

Pursuant to the statutes in such cases made and provided, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New York, hereby give notice, that, in compliance with the act of the Legislature of the State of New York, entitled "An act to alter the map or plan of the City of New York, by extending Desbrosses street," passed May 20th, 1873, three-fifths being present, the Counsel to the Corporation of the City of New York, for and in behalf of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of said city, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a special term of said court, to be held at the Chambers thereof, in the Court House in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the fifth day of August, 1873, at 10½ o'clock A. M., or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, for the appointment of Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment in the above-entitled matter; that the nature and extent of the improvement hereby intended is the opening and extending of Desbrosses street, in an easterly direction, from its present termination at Hudson street, to Varick street, in the City of New York, in the manner provided by said act of said Legislature.

E. DELAFIELD SMITH,
 Counsel to the Corporation.
 Dated New York, July 9, 1873.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

HEADQUARTERS FIRE DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, (127 and 129 Mercer street,) Office Board of Commissioners, New York, July 11th, 1873.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT SEVEN condemned horses will be sold at auction, to the

highest bidder, for cash, on Tuesday, July 29th, 1873, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Hospital Stables of this Department, No. 199 Chrystie street.

JOSEPH L. PERLEY,
 ROSWELL D. HATCH,
 CORNELIUS VAN COTT,
 Commissioners.

HEADQUARTERS FIRE DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, (127 and 129 Mercer street,) Office Board of Commissioners, New York, July 11th, 1873.

SEPALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT these headquarters until 12 o'clock noon, of Friday, July 25, 1873, for building an Engine House in Carmansville.

Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from the successful bidder, and proposals will not be considered unless sureties are named. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered.

Plans and specifications can be seen and all information obtained on application at this office.
 JOSEPH L. PERLEY,
 ROSWELL D. HATCH,
 CORNELIUS VAN COTT,
 Commissioners.

HEADQUARTERS FIRE DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, (127 and 129 Mercer street,) Office Board of Commissioners, New York, July 11th, 1873.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT SEVEN condemned horses will be sold at auction, to the

HEADQUARTERS FIRE DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, (127 and 129 Mercer street,) Office Board of Commissioners, New York, July 7, 1873.

SEPALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT these headquarters until 12 o'clock noon, of Friday, July 25, 1873, for furnishing 2,000 feet, in 50 feet lengths, 2½ inch Rubber Lined Linen Hose, Allen's couplings, with New York thread.

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered. Samples can be seen and all information obtained on application at this office.
 JOSEPH L. PERLEY,
 ROSWELL D. HATCH,
 CORNELIUS VAN COTT,
 Commissioners.

HEADQUARTERS FIRE DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, (127 and 129 Mercer street,) Office Board of Commissioners, New York, July 11, 1873.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT FIVE SECOND HAND Steam Fire Engines will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, on Monday, July 28th, 1873, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Repair Shops of this Department, No. 21, Elizabeth street.

The purchaser or purchasers required to remove the same within five days after the purchase.
 JOSEPH L. PERLEY,
 ROSWELL D. HATCH,
 CORNELIUS VAN COTT,
 Commissioners.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC CHARITIES AND CORRECTIONS.
 DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC CHARITIES AND CORRECTION, No. 66 Third Avenue,
 NEW YORK, July 23, 1873.

PROPOSALS FOR SUPPLIES.
 PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE Commissioners of the Department of Public Charities and Correction, until Saturday August 2d, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the following articles:

- 3500 bushel oats,
- 25 Barrels vinegar, } Send samples.
- 50 bales of straw,
- 75000 feet box boards,
- 20000 feet worked boards,
- 1000 feet 1¼ inch spruce plank,
- 500 feet 2 inch spruce plank.

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any bid not deemed advantageous to the interests of this Department. Goods to be delivered free of charge.
 WILLIAM LAIMBEER,
 JAMES BOWEN,
 MYER STERN,
 Commissioners.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.
 POLICE DEPARTMENT, BUREAU OF STREET CLEANING,
 No. 300 MULBERRY STREET,
 NEW YORK, July 22d, 1873.

FOR SALE AT PUBLIC AUCTION.
 (By E. A. LAWRENCE, Auctioneer.)
WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION, ON Saturday, 26th July, 1873, at 12 o'clock noon, at Nos. 224 and 226, E. 24th st., stables.

EIGHT HORSES.
 NOTE.—The Horses can be seen at the above stated place before the day of the sale.
 HENRY SMITH,
 Pres't Dep't Police.

OWNERS WANTED BY THE PROPERTY CLERK, 300 Mulberry street, for the following property now in his custody without claimants: Silver watch, one wagon, one chest, &c., property of man drowned July 13, 1873, five barrels and bag raw sugar, money taken from body of man killed April 5, 1873, money, watch &c., taken from man supposed to be insane, box of club sauce, &c.
 C. A. ST. JOHN, Property Clerk.

CENTRAL DEPARTMENT OF MUNICIPAL POLICE, PROPERTY CLERK'S OFFICE, 300 MULBERRY STREET, NEW YORK, July 19, 1873.

THIRTEENTH AUCTION SALE UNCLAIMED PROPERTY, THURSDAY, JULY 31st, 1873, AT 10 A. M.
 AMOS STOOKEY, AUCTIONEER.
 13th sale unclaimed property will take place July 31st, 1873, 10 A. M., at 300 Mulberry street, Police Headquarters, consisting of miscellaneous articles: Pig iron, old rope, lead, glass, boat, wool, men's and women's clothing, four gold watches, six silver watches, chains, &c. Revolvers, pistols, liquor, robes, iron-beds, segars, and property of the Police Department, consisting of old iron-beds, scrap iron, closets, &c.
 C. A. ST. JOHN,
 Property Clerk.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.
SEPALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE School Trustees of the Seventeenth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm streets, until Wednesday, July 30th, 1873, and until 2 o'clock, P. M., on said day, for the Desks, Seats and other Furniture required for Grammar School No. 19, on East Fourteenth street near First Avenue.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 146 Grand st., third floor.
 Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from the successful bidder.
 Proposals will not be considered unless sureties are named. The Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered.

HENRY MERZ,
 WM. BALSER, M. D.,
 ADAM WEBER,
 OWEN MURPHY,
 FREDK C. WAGNER,
 Board of School Trustees, 17th Ward.
 Dated, New York, July 17th, 1873.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS,
 36 Union Square,
 NEW YORK, July 23d, 1873.

SEPALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office until 12 o'clock noon, of August 6th, 1873, for the completion of a series of ornamental Bases and Lamp Posts connected with Flag-staff decoration on Union Square.

Plans and specifications for this work may now be seen at the office of Design and Superintendence (Architect's Room) as above. The work is to be finished within fifteen days after execution of contract.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by an obligation in writing of two responsible householders or freeholders of the city of New York, their respective places of business or residence being named, to the effect that they will become bound as sureties for the faithful performance of the contract should it be awarded upon that proposal. The Department reserves the right to reject any or all proposals.

Proposals will be addressed to the Department of Public Parks, and endorsed "Proposals for Gas Light Construction, Union Square."
 H. G. STEBBINS,
 SALEM H. WALES,
 PHILIP BISSINGER,
 DAVID B. WILLIAMSON,
 SAMUEL HALL,
 Commissioners.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS,
 36 UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK,
 July 21st, 1873.

SEPALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office until 12 o'clock noon, of August 4th, 1873, for the construction of about 4000 lineal feet of the enclosing wall of the Central Park on the line of Eighth avenue.

Sections and specifications for this work may now be seen at the Office of Design and Superintendence (Chief Engineer's room) as above. The material is to be Ohio sand-stone or New Brunswick free-stone of the best quality. Samples of the stone proposed to be furnished must accompany each proposal.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by an obligation in writing of two responsible householders or freeholders of the City of New York, their respective places of business or residence being named, to the effect that they will become bound as sureties for the faithful performance of the contract should it be awarded upon that proposal. The Department reserves the right to reject any or all proposals.

Proposals will be addressed to the Department of Public Parks and endorsed "Proposals for Enclosing Wall—Central Park."
 HENRY G. STEBBINS,
 S. H. WALES,
 PH. BISSINGER,
 D. B. WILLIAMSON,
 S. HALL,
 Commissioners.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS,
 36 UNION SQUARE,
 NEW YORK, July 21st, 1873.

SEPALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office until 12 o'clock of August 4th, 1873, for about 275 feet of light iron railing.

The railing is to be delivered and set in Union Square. Plans and specifications may now be seen at the Office of Design and Superintendence (architect's room), as above. No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by an obligation in writing of two responsible householders or freeholders of the City of New York, their respective places of business or residence being named, to the effect that they will become bound as sureties for the faithful performance of the contract, should it be awarded upon that proposal. The Department reserves the right to reject any or all proposals.

Proposals will be addressed to the Department of Public Parks, and endorsed "Proposals for Iron Railing at Union Square."
 H. G. STEBBINS,
 S. H. WALES,
 PH. BISSINGER,
 D. B. WILLIAMSON,
 S. HALL,
 Commissioners.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS,
 36 UNION SQUARE,
 NEW YORK, July 21st, 1873.

SEPALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office until 12 o'clock noon, of August 4th, 1873, for the delivery of about 3,050 lineal feet of dressed base course stone, with two faces, and about 800 lineal feet of dressed base course stone, with one face, for the park enclosing wall.

Specifications may now be seen at the Office of Design and Superintendence (chief engineer's room), as above. The stone is to be either Mountain Greywacke, or granite of approved quality and color, and is to be delivered on such docks, or upon trucks, if provided, as shall be directed. Samples of the stone proposed to be furnished must accompany each proposal.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by an obligation in writing of two responsible householders or freeholders of the City of New York, their respective places of business or residence being named, to the effect that they will become bound as sureties for the faithful performance of the contract, should it be awarded upon that proposal. The Department reserves the right to reject any or all proposals.

Proposals will be addressed to the Department of Public Parks, and endorsed "Proposals for Base Stone."
 HENRY G. STEBBINS,
 S. H. WALES,
 PH. BISSINGER,
 D. B. WILLIAMSON,
 S. HALL,
 Commissioners.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS,
 36 UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK,
 July 21st, 1873.

SEPALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office until 12 o'clock noon, of August 4th, 1873, for the delivery of about 1,925 superficial feet face measurement of dressed Ashlar, and about 800 lineal feet of dressed coping for Park enclosing wall.

Specifications may now be seen at the Office of Design and Superintendence (Chief Engineer's room) as above. The material is to be Ohio sand-stone or New Brunswick free-stone of the best quality. The Ashlar stones will be of equal height, between nine and ten inches, and generally from eight to twelve inches wide, with the draft around face and well-dressed beds and ends. The coping will be between eight and nine inches in height, with chisel draft on top and with one bevel edge. The stone is to be delivered on such docks or on trucks if provided as shall be directed. Samples of the stone proposed to be furnished must accompany each proposal.

The proposals will give the price per cubic foot for ashlar and per lineal foot for coping, each delivered in accordance with specifications. No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by an obligation in writing of two responsible householders or freeholders of the City of New York, their respective places of business or residence being named, to the effect that they will become bound as sureties for the faithful

performance of the contract, should it be awarded upon that proposal. The Department reserves the right to reject any or all proposals. Proposals will be addressed to the Department of Public Parks, and endorsed "Proposals for Ashlar and coping for Park wall."

HENRY G. STEBBINS,
 S. H. WALES,
 PH. BISSINGER,
 D. B. WILLIAMSON,
 S. HALL,
 Commissioners.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS,
 36 Union Square,
 New York, July 14, 1873.

PROPOSALS FOR BONDS OF THE TOWN OF KINGSBRIDGE.
SEPALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the office of the Department of Public Parks, until Monday, the twenty-eighth day of July 1873, at 12 o'clock noon, for the whole or any part of the sum of TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS OF BONDS OF THE TOWN OF Kingsbridge, authorised by chapter 89, section 3 of the laws of 1873.

Said bonds are in sums of Five hundred Dollars (500) dated May 1, 1873, and payable at the office of the clerk of the town of Kingsbridge, on the first day of May 1874, and will bear interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable semi-annually at the same place, upon the presentation and surrender of the coupons thereto annexed, as they severally shall become due—viz., November, 1, 1873, and May 1, 1874.

The proposals will state the amount desired, and the price per one hundred dollars thereof which shall not be below par as required by law. Each proposal should be properly endorsed, and addressed to H. G. Stebbins, President.

H. G. STEBBINS,
 S. H. WALES,
 PH. BISSINGER,
 S. HALL,
 D. B. WILLIAMSON,
 Commissioners.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS,
 36 Union Square,
 NEW YORK, July 17, 1873.

PROPOSALS FOR COAL.
SEPALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Commissioners of the Department of Public Parks at their office, until twelve o'clock noon, of the thirtieth day of July, 1873, for FIVE HUNDRED AND FIFTY TONS OF GRATE COAL. Said coal will be delivered on dock foot of 79th street, East River.

Proposals to state the particular description, endorsed as above and addressed to H. G. Stebbins, President. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all proposals.

H. G. STEBBINS,
 S. H. WALES,
 PH. BISSINGER,
 S. HALL,
 D. B. WILLIAMSON,
 Commissioners.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS,
 36 Union Square
 New York, July 15, 1873.

PROPOSALS FOR SCREENED GRAVEL.
SEPALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Commissioners of the Departments of Public Parks, at their office until 12 o'clock noon of the twenty-ninth day of July 1873, for furnishing for four months from this date, SCREENED GRAVEL for walks and roads, to be delivered in such quantities and at such times and places as may be required.

Proposals endorsed as above to be addressed to H. G. Stebbins, President. This Department reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

H. G. STEBBINS,
 S. H. WALES,
 PH. BISSINGER,
 S. HALL,
 D. B. WILLIAMSON,
 Commissioners.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.
 CITY OF NEW YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, July 17, 1873.

PROPOSALS FOR \$500,000 ASSESSMENT FUND STOCK OF THE COUNTY OF NEW YORK.
SEPALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Comptroller's Office until Wednesday, July 30, 1873, at two o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the whole or any part of the sum of five hundred thousand dollars of Assessment Fund Stock of the County of New York, authorized by Chapter 565, Section 7, Laws of 1865.

Said stock will bear interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable on the first day of May and November in each year, and the principal will be redeemed on the first day of November 1903. The proposals will state the amount of stock desired, and the price per one hundred dollars thereof; and the persons whose proposals are accepted will thereupon be required to deposit with the Chamberlain the sums awarded to them respectively, together with any premiums thereon.

On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the Chamberlain for such deposit, the parties will be entitled to receive certificates for equal amounts of the par value of the sums awarded to them, bearing interest from the dates of payment. Each proposal should be sealed and endorsed "Proposals for Assessment Fund Stock of the County of New York," and enclosed in a second envelope addressed to the Comptroller.

The right is reserved on the part of the Comptroller to reject any or all of the bids, if in his judgment the interests of the Corporation require it.
 ANDREW H. GREEN,
 Comptroller.

CITY OF NEW YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, July 2, 1873.

INTEREST ON CITY STOCKS.—THE INTEREST on the Bonds and Stocks of the City of New York, due August 1st, 1873, will be paid on that day, by the Chamberlain, at his office in the new Court House. The transfer books will be closed from July 7th to August 1st, 1873.
 ANDREW H. GREEN,
 Comptroller.

INDICES OF RECORDS.
 CITY OF NEW YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, July 14, 1873.

A LIMITED NUMBER OF COMPLETE SETS OF THE INDICES OF RECORDS are offered for sale, full bound in sheep, as follows:

| | | |
|-------------------------------|----|------------|
| Grantors,..... | 28 | volumes. |
| Grantees,..... | 24 | " |
| Notices of Suits in Equity, 8 | | " |
| Insolvents, &c.,..... | 1 | " |
| Total,..... | 61 | " \$100 00 |
| Judgments,..... | 25 | " 12 50 |
| Sets unbound,..... | 61 | " 15 25 |

Incomplete sets may be completed on application at this office. Communications in relation to the Records should be addressed "Superintendent of Records, Comptroller's Office."
 ANDREW H. GREEN,
 Comptroller.